

UTM10 in multi-SSID, multi-VLAN network with WMS5316

This document describes how to use the UTM10 (unified threat management system) and WMS5316 (wireless management system) to create a multi-VLAN, multi-SSID network in conjunction with a layer 2 or layer 3 switch. Each wired network will have a corresponding wireless network. Wired clients will be able to communicate with wireless clients on the same VLAN. Clients (wired or wireless) will not be able to communicate with clients on other VLANs.

For simplicity this example will only use one wireless access point (WNDAP350). Further access points can be added following the configuration laid out here. Also, if a L3 switch is used, this example assumes routing between VLANs is not set up on the switch.

Network diagram



Network setup

UTM10 WAN port connected to internet UTM10 port 1 connected to WMS5316 port 1 UTM10 port 2 connected to WNDAP350 LAN port UTM10 port 3 connected to L2/L3 switch port 0/1

UTM10 configuration:

LAN IP

192.168.1.1

VLAN1 (default)

Corporate network 192.168.1.1 Membership: Ports 1, 2, 3, 4 DHCP enabled 192.168.1.0 /24

VLAN2

Guest network 192.168.20.1 Membership: Ports 2, 3 DHCP enabled 192.168.2.0 /24

WMS5316 configuration:

LAN IP 192.168.1.250 Untagged VLAN: 1 / Management VLAN: 1

Access Point (WNDAP350) configuration:

LAN IP 192.168.1.235 Corporate SSID – VLAN 1 Guest SSID – VLAN 2 Note: WNDAP350 is not configured directly. It is configured from the WMS5316.

Layer 2 / Layer 3 switch configuration:

Management IP

192.168.1.239 Management VLAN = VLAN1

Port configuration: (Untagged = U; Tagged = T)

	VLAN1	VLAN2
0/1	Т	Т
0/2	U	
0/3		U

PVID settings: 0/1 = 1; 0/2 = 1; 0/3 = 2

UTM10 Configuration

Network Config	Network Security	Application Securit	y VPN Users Adminis	tration Monitoring Suppo	ort Wizards
:: WAI	N Settings Dynamic	DNS WAN Metering	: LAN Settings :: DMZ Setup :: I	Routing :: Email Notification ::	
LAN Setup LAN	Groups LAN Mult	i-homing		e	DHCP Log
III VLAN Profiles					()
! Pr	ofile Name	VLAN ID	Subnet IP	DHCP Status	Action
	lefaultVlan	1	192.168.1.1	DHCP Enabled	🕖 Edit
	🥑 Sel	ect All 🛞 Delete 🌘	🔵 Enable 🔵 Disable 📀	Add	
🗰 Default VLAN					()
Port 1	Port	2	Port 3	Port 4/DMZ	
defaultVlan 🗸	defa	ultVlan 💌	defaultVlan 💌	defaultVlan 💌	
		Apply	Reset	l -	

- Go to Network Config – LAN Settings
- Click on Edit • for VLAN1

name of VLAN1 to Corporate and ensure that all ports are a member

:: WAN Settings :: Protocol Binding :: Dynamic DNS :: WAN Metering :: LAN Settings :: DMZ Setup :: Routing :: Email Notification ::	
Edit VLAN Profile	
Operation succeeded.	
# VLAN Profile ()	
Profile Name: Corporate	
VLAN ID: 1	Change the
	name of
III Port Membership	VLAN1 to
Port 1 Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 / DMZ	Corporate
# TP Setun	and ensure
	are a memb
17 AUVIESS: [132][100][1][1] Subline Mask: [255][255][255][0	of it
# DHCP ()	Press Apply
O Disable DHCP Server	
Enable DHCP Server Enable LDAP information	
Domain Name: LDAP Server:	
Start IP: 192 168 1 2 Search Base:	
End IP: 192 168 1 100 Port: 1 (enter 0 for default port)	
Primary DNS Server: 192 168 1 254	
Secondary DNS Server:	
VINS Server: 192 1155 11 1234	
O DHCP Relay	
Relay Gateway:	
III DNS Proxy	
Enable DNS Proxy: 🔽	
W Takes M AN Burkley	
** Inter vian Routing	
Enable Inter VLAN Routing:	
Apply Reset	

Network Config Network S	ecurity Application Security \	/PN Users Admin	istration Monitoring Support Wizards
:: WAN Settings :: Protocol Bindi	ing 💠 Dynamic DNS 💠 WAN Meteri	ng :: LAN Settings ::	DMZ Setup :: Routing :: Email Notification ::
Edit VLAN Profile			
	Operation s	succeeded.	
IVLAN Profile			0
	Profile Name:	Guest	
	VLAN ID:	2	
# Port Membership			0
Port 1	Port 2	Port 3	Port 4 / DMZ
# IP Setup			()
IP Address:	192 ·168 ·2 ·1	Su	bnet Mask: 255 - 255 - 255 - 0
# DHCP			3
0	Disable DHCP Server		
۲	Enable DHCP Server		Enable LDAP information
Domain Name:		LDAP Server:	
Start IP:	192 ·168 ·2 ·2	Search Base:	
End IP:	192 ·168 ·2 ·253	Port:	0 (enter 0 for default port)
Primary DNS Server:			
WINS Server:			
Lease Time:	24 Hours		
0	DHCP Relay		
Relay Gateway:	· · ·		
# DNS Proxy			0
	Enable DNS Proxy:		
Inter VLAN Routing			3
	Enable Inter VLAN Routing:		
	Apply	Reset	

- Once back at the LAN Setup screen, press Add under VLAN Profiles
- The Add VLAN Profile screen will display (shown on the left)
- Create VLAN2 as shown, making ports 2 and 3 a member of it
- Configure IP address as 192.168.2.1 and enable DHCP Server as shown
- Press Apply

• You will be returned to the LAN Setup screen which will display a summary of the VLANs as shown

Network C	Config Network Security	Application Securit	y VPN Users Adminis	stration Monitoring St	upport Wizards
	:: WAN Settings :: Dynamic	DNS :: WAN Metering :	: LAN Settings :: DMZ Setup ::	Routing :: Email Notification	
LAN Set	up LAN Groups LAN Mult	i-homing			OHCP Log
		Operat	ion succeeded.		
III VLAN	l Profiles				()
1	Profile Name	VLAN ID	Subnet IP	DHCP Status	Action
	Corporate	1	192.168.1.1	DHCP Enabled	🕖 Edit
	Guest	2	192.168.2.1	DHCP Enabled	🕖 Edit
	🥑 Sel	ect All 🛞 Delete 🌔	🔵 Enable 🔵 Disable 🧕) Add	
iii Defa	ult VLAN				()
Port	1 Port	2	Port 3	Port 4/DMZ	
Corpo	Corp	orate 💌	Corporate 💌	Corporate 💌	
		Apply	Reset		

WMS5316 Configuration

Note:

1: This document will assume that you have already synchronized one or more access points with the WMS5316. If you are unfamiliar with how to do this, please see chapter 2 of the manual at http://kb.netgear.com/app/answers/detail/a id/13374

2: We will use Basic Security Profiles which will mean that the SSIDs configured in these profiles will be assigned to all APs. Should you wish to have certain SSIDs assigned to certain APs only, you should use Access Point Groups.

Configuration	Monitoring		Maintenanc	e Diagnost	ics	Support		
System Access Po	int Discove	ry i	Access Poir	nt Groups 🕴 Wir	eless	Security Gue	est Access	Under Configuration
 Basic General Time IP Settings VLAN Settings DHCP Server Settings Advanced 	VLAN VLA VLA VLA Mana	Set N Se ntagg	tings ettings ed VLAN ent VLAN	1			0	Configuration – System – Basic – VLAN Settings, ensure the settings are as shown
Configuration M System Access Poin * Basic * Profile Settings * Rogue Access Points * Mac Authentication	Security Basic 802.11	Ma y Pro Secu 1b/bg	nintenance ccess Point G ofiles List rity Profiles 1/ng 802.	Diagnostics roups Wireles 11a/na	Supp s Sec	urity Guest Ac	cess (2)	 Go to Configuration Security – Basic – Profile Settings Ensure that both profile 1
» Radius Server > Advanced	Edit	# 4	Namo 🔺	Scid 🔺	Vlan 🕇	Security type		and 2 are
	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1	NETGEAR	NETGEAR_11g	1	Open System		enabled
	Õ	2	NETGEAR-1	NETGEAR_11g-1	1	Open System	V	(enable the
	0	з	NETGEAR-2	NETGEAR_11g-2	1	Open System		tick-box at
	0	4	NETGEAR-3	NETGEAR_11g-3	1	Open System		the far right
	0	5	NETGEAR-4	NETGEAR_11g-4	1	Open System		for each
	0	6	NETGEAR-5	NETGEAR_11g-5	1	Open System		profile)
	0	7	NETGEAR-6	NETGEAR_11g-6	1	Open System		Press Apply
	0	8	NETGEAR-7	NETGEAR_11g-7	1	Open System		 Choose the first profile
	1							nrst prome

and press Edit



- Configure the profile as shown
- Configure encryption as required also
- Press Apply
- Press Back to return to the Security **Profiles List**
- Choose the second profile and press Edit

Configuration	Monitoring Maintenance Diagnosti	cs Support						
System Access P	oint Discovery Access Point Groups Wire	eless Security Guest Access						
* Basic	Edit Security Profile	Edit Security Profile						
 Profile Settings Rogue Access 	Profile Definition O							
 Mac Authentication Radius Server Advanced 	Name Wireless Network Name (SSID) Broadcast Wireless Network Name (S	Guest SID) Yes No						
	··· Authentication Settings	0						
	Network Authentication	Open System						
	Data Encryption	None 💌						
	Wireless Client Security Separation	Disable 💌						
	VLAN	2						

- gain, onfigure the rofile as nown
- onfigure ncryption as quired
- ress Back to eturn to the ecurity rofiles List



The Security Profiles List should now

Testing

1: Connect to the Corporate SSID (VLAN1) and verify the following:

- Client obtains an IP in the range 192.168.1.x
- Client *can* communicate with devices on the wired corporate LAN (VLAN1)
- Client *cannot* communicate with devices on the wired guest LAN (VLAN2)
- Client can access the internet

2: Connect to the Guest SSID (VLAN2) and verify the following:

- Client obtains an IP in the range 192.168.2.x
- Client *can* communicate with devices on the wired guest LAN (VLAN2)
- Client cannot communicate with devices on the wired corporate LAN (VLAN1)
- Client can access the internet

Should you require clients on VLAN1 to be able to communicate with clients on VLAN2, then you can enable Inter-VLAN Routing on both VLANs on the UTM10.